

MEDIA POLICY CLASS

START UP PROCESS



INTAKE FORM



STEP 1:

WATCH OUR ORIENTATION VIDEO &
DOWNLOAD THE HANDOUT

STEP 2:

COMPLETE THE INTAKE FORM

STEP 3:

ATTEND A MEDIA POLICY CLASS





WHAT IS A PRODUCER?

A PERSON THAT:

- ✓ A member of the Producer Program
- √ 15 years of age or older
- ✓ Residing within the Austin metropolitan area
- \checkmark Certified to use the video production resources at Austin Public, which is optional
- ✓ Sharing at least a portion of the content created with Austin Public's resources onto the Public Access channels and streaming services





WHY DOES THIS CLASS EXIST?

- 1. Producers are responsible for submitting content to Austin Public
 - Producer owns all content created with Austin Public resources.
- 2. Since it is your content, you are legally responsible for it
 - You must understand policies that uphold regulations and laws protecting personal and property rights.



CONTENT DISTRIBUTION

STREAMING PLATFORMS

CABLE TELEVISION

INTERNET & DEVICES

















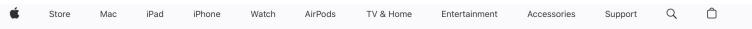


ANDROID PHONE APP





DOWNLOADABLE APP



App Store Preview

Open the Mac App Store to buy and download apps.



Austin Public 12+

ATX Community Media Center TelVue Corporation

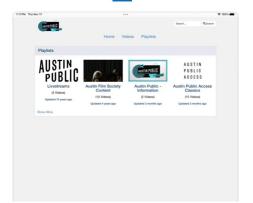
Designed for iPad

Free

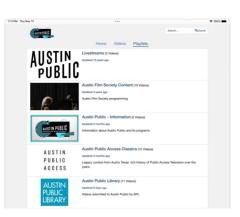
View in Mac App Store

✓

Screenshots iPad iPhone Apple TV









DOWNLOADABLE APP

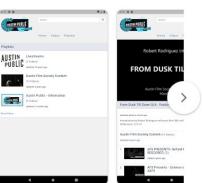


Austin Public

TelVue Corporation









App support ~

More by TelVue Corporation →

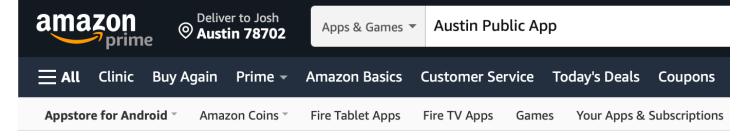


True Blue TV
TelVue Corpora TelVue Corporation



RVTV - Rogue Valley Television TelVue Corporation









Austin Public

by TelVue Corporation

Rated:Guidance Suggested



Price: Free Download

Special Offers Available

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Available instantly

Works with: Game Controllers, Fire TV Voice Remote

Languages Supported: English

This app needs permission to access:

- Access information about networks
- Access information about Wi-Fi networks

See all Application Permissions

Contact Developer





Screenings & Events ▼ Join & Give ▼ Rentals & Facilities ▼ Austin Public A About Austin Public Classes Become A Producer Tours Producer Portal Login Creative Careers Austin Public Resources Training Videos Watch

AFS Cinema

Calendar

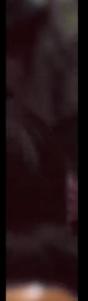
Tickets

Austin Public Austin Studios

Search

Donate









PRODUCER PORTAL



Home

Crew Connect

Producer Program V

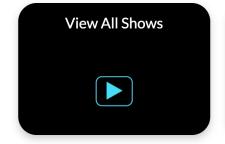
Classes & Events

Channel Schedules >

Helpful Resources







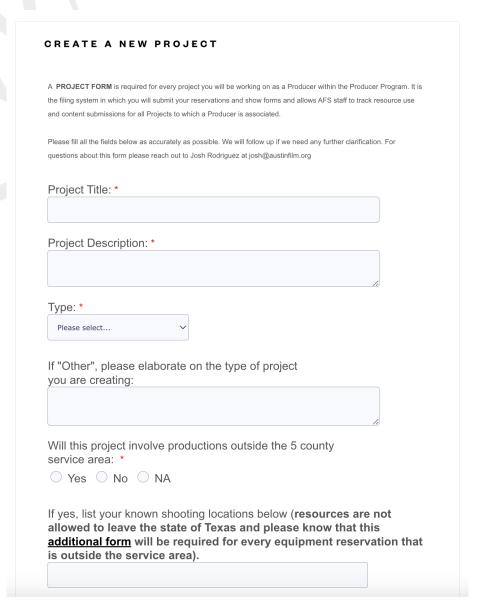








PRODUCER PORTAL





Type: * ✓ Please select... Narrative Short film - under 40 Minutes Narrative Feature film - over 40 minutes Short Documentary - under 40 minutes Feature Documentary - over 40 minutes **Event** Non-series TV Nonprofit content **Podcast** Music video UC Experimental Practice for a future project Other

RESERVATION LENGTHS

- Production gear 5 days
- Editing computers and accessories 10 days
- Production spaces 5-hours at a time
 - 10-hours max per week
- Edit bays & meeting space- entire day
 - Walks in welcome for edit bays

48-hours

Time between a return and another checkout.

Resources may not be reserved back-to-back.





Screenings & Events ▼ Jo

Community Programs ▲ Ro

Austin Public ▲ A

Classes

Tours

Creative Careers

Join & Give ▼

Rentals & Facilities ▼

About Austin Public

Become A Producer

Producer Portal Login

Austin Public Resources

Training Videos

Watch

Tickets Calendar Search Donate

AFS Cinema Austin Public Austin Studios











About Austin Public

Become A Producer

Austin Public Resources

Watch Austin Public

Series Application

Producer Portal Login

Training Videos

FOR INFO ON OUR CURRENT OPERATIONS PLEASE GO HERE.

Please contact Charles Wright for questions about equipment drop off and live shows/series. Please contact Elias Posada for questions regarding classes and producer program.

AUSTIN PUBLIC



Screenings & Events ▼

Community Programs ▼

Filmmaker Support ▼

Join & Give ▼
Rentals & Facilities ▼

About *

kets Calendar Search

Search [

Donate

WATCH AUSTIN

BLIC

About Austin Public

Become A Producer

Austin Public Resources

Watch Austin Public

Series Application

Producer Portal Login

Training Videos

AUSTIN PUBLIC 10 AUSTIN PUBLIC 11 AUSTIN PUBLIC 16





AUSTIN PUBLIC 10 AUSTIN PUBLIC 11 AUSTIN PUBLIC 16

Tuesday 08/16/2022

Time	Program	Duration
12:00 AM	Cooking Good: okgdrarebit002	00:58:44



Screenings & Events ▼

Join & Give ▼

Rentals & Facilities ▼

Tickets Calendar

Donate

Community Programs ▼

Artist Development ▼

About ▼

AFS Cinema Austin Public

Austin Studios

1

About Austin Public

Become A Producer

Austin Public Resources

Watch Austin Public

Weekly Series

Producer Portal Login

Training Videos & Other Resources

Producer Program Orientation

HELPFUL RESOURCES

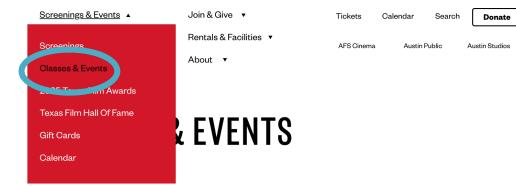
PRODUCER PROGRAM POLICIES
AND PROCEDURES:

PRODUCTION INSURANCE:

AUSTIN FILM COMMISSION
RESOURCES:







Thu, Jun 26
6:30 PM - 9:30
PM STABILIZERS

In-Person

Resource Certification

Fri, Jun 27
3:00 PM - 6:45
PM FOCUS FRIDAYS @ AUSTIN
In-Person PUBLIC

Mon, Jun 30
6:00 PM - 9:30
PM LIGHTING WORKSHOP

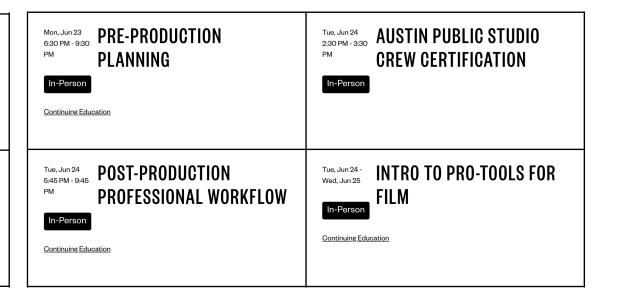
In-Person

Continuing Education

Fri, Jun 27
3:00 PM - 6:45
FOCUS FRIDAYS @ AUSTIN
In-Person PUBLIC

Mon, Jun 30
6:00 PM - 9:30
PM CAMERA LINE: FUNCTIONS
In-Person AND FUNDAMENTALS

Resource Certification







Austin Film Commission

Austin Is A Leading Destination For Film, Television & Commercial Production.



Permits & Regulations



Locations



Incentives & Grants



Production Directory



Studio Facilities

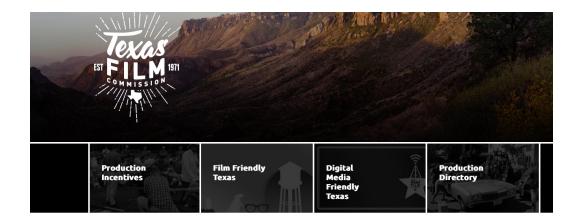


Film Tourism Guide



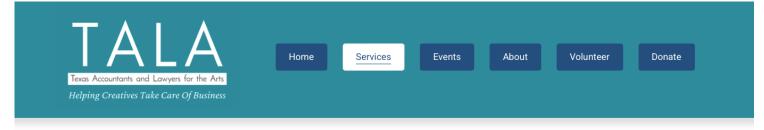












Artist & Nonprofit Membership

Professional Assistance for Artists, Creatives, and Nonprofit Organizations

TALA provides Texas artists and arts organizations with legal and accounting assistance to enable them to maximize their potential, shape our cultural landscape, and contribute to the creative economy.

TALA offers free legal and accounting services to artists, craftspeople, and arts-centered nonprofit organizations from all creative disciplines, including visual arts, music, film and television, new media, writing and journalism, fashion design, theater, dance, and performing arts.

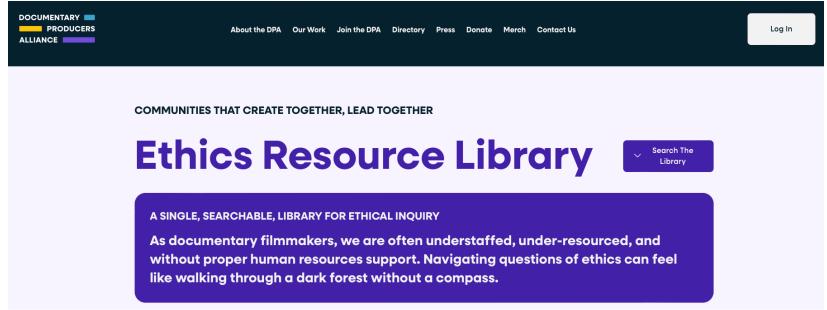
To qualify for membership in TALA's pro bono matching program, individual artists and nonprofit organizations must meet financial eligibility.

Individual artists must make less than 300% of Federal Poverty Guidelines. View Income qualifications.

Nonprofits must have an annual budget of less than \$200,000.











- Intros
- Overview of CRIMINAL topics
- BREAK 5 minutes
- Overview of CIVIL topics
- BREAK 5 minutes
- Overview FCC topics
- 10 question test
- Review AFS's Warranties Agreement
- Producer Program next steps & FAQ
- Optional AFTER CLASS tour of facility





HELLO my name is...

INTRODUCTIONS

- Your name?
- How long in the Austin area? (where did you come from?)
- Area of creative interest?
- What brought you to Austin Public?



OPERATIONS STAFF

DOUG General Manager



CHARLES
Station
Engineer



JOSH
Assistant
Manager



DARREANE
Community Media
Coordinator



Equipment Specialists







GEE



EMRE



TOPICS TO COVER



Material contrary to the law



2. Immediate danger or damage





Obscene material



4. Defamation & Invasion of Privacy



5. Unlawful Copyright



Commercialism



Solicitation of funds











BEFORE WE JUMP IN...

1. AUSTIN PUBLIC IS NONCOMMERCIAL

WHAT IT MEANS

• The Producer Program, managed by a nonprofit (AFS) under a contract with the City of Austin, is **not** intended for conducting trade or commerce or promoting products and services

2. AUSTIN PUBLIC IS CONTENT NEUTRAL

WHAT IT MEANS

- We do not censor or restrict subject matter of different viewpoints
- We **do not** prescreen content before it airs



Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any material which violates any local, state, or federal laws, rules, or regulations..."





Avoid showing illegal activity unless you can claim "newsworthiness", or it constitutes the reason for your content.

Examples:

- Gambling (in Texas)
- Drug use, underage drinking
- Trespassing
- Theft
- Destruction of property



PLEASE NOTE: You may fake/dramatize breaking the law for narrative work.





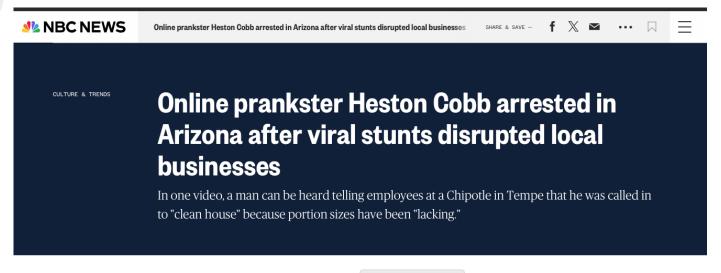
EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ When in doubt, cut it out
- ✓ Do not encourage or facilitate crimes
- ✓ Blur faces if possible / protect identities
- ✓ Work with legal counsel to assess your risk





AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:



X SAVE Create your free profile or log in to save this article

July 25, 2025, 3:41 PM CDT / Updated July 25, 2025, 7:42 PM CDT

By Rebecca Cohen

An Arizona social media prankster was arrested after a number of his viral stunts disrupted local businesses, officials said.

The Tempe Police Department arrested Heston Cobb, 21, on Thursday after he was linked to social media accounts that posted videos of the pranks and identified him as the leader of the group involved.

Cobb was booked on one count of third-degree burglary, two counts of criminal impersonation, five counts of disorderly conduct and five counts of criminal trespass.











Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any material which has a reasonable probability of creating an immediate danger or damage to property, creating an injury to people, or creating public nuisance."





Avoid "weaponizing" the channels.

Examples:

- Content that incites vandalism or violence
- Call to action to negatively target people or companies
- Fake news show that may cause civil unrest
- Broadcasting false emergencies
- Tutorials for illegal activity



EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ Don't do anything I just mentioned!
- √ Use disclaimers (parody or satire)
- √ Fake/dramatize scenes
- ✓ Consult an expert on your claims
- ✓ Avoid calls to action for harm
- ✓ Conduct thorough research





IMMEDIATE DANGER OR DAMAGE

AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:





June 19, 2020, 10:12 AM CDT / Updated June 19, 2020, 3:26 PM CDT

By Cyrus Farivar and Olivia Solon

On May 27, just two days after George Floyd died at the hands of the Minneapolis Police Department, an activist from St. Louis decided to drive the 540 miles north to the Twin Cities to participate in the protests there.

"We promise to do our very best to be safe and not do anything to get arrested," Mike Avery wrote on Facebook.

Three days later, the FBI arrested Avery for encouraging rioting across a handful of Facebook posts, according to his lawyer, Marleen Suarez. FBI agents had been reading his and other protesters' social media posts looking for "potential flashpoints for violence," according to police records.







IMMEDIATE DANGER OR DAMAGE

AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:



Advertise Obituaries eNewspaper Legals 💟 🔾



Fact-check: Don't drink chloroquine fish-tank cleaner to stop coronavirus. It might kill you.

Bill McCarthy, PolitiFact.com

Published 9:35 a.m. CT March 26, 2020





















Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any material which is in violation of Subchapter B: Obscenity, of Chapter 43 of the Texas Penal Code"





"Obscene" under the Texas law means material or a performance that:

(A) the average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that taken as a whole appeals to the prurient interest in sex;

Prurient: having or encouraging an excessive interest in sexual matters, often in a way that is considered shameful, morbid, or inappropriate.

In the legal context (such as a state's obscenity law), it refers to content that arouses an unhealthy, degrading, or lewd interest in sex, rather than normal or artistic depictions of sexuality.





(B) depict or describe sexual conduct in a "patently offensive" way:

- (i) patently offensive representations or descriptions of ultimate sexual acts, normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including sexual intercourse, sodomy, and sexual bestiality; or...
- (i) patently offensive representations of descriptions of masturbation, excretory functions, sadism, masochism, lewd exhibition of the genitals, the male or female genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal, covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state or a device designed and marketed as useful primarily for stimulation of the human genital organs;





(C) taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, and scientific value.





Avoid showing obscene content!

Examples:

- See section (B)
- Pushing the boundaries of explicit sexual acts that a court would deem wholly without redeeming social value.





EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ When in doubt, cut it out
- ✓ Blur body parts
- ✓ Consult a lawyer
- ✓ Know how to defend your choices







OUR WORK

LEGAL RESOURCES -

FREE PRESS TOPICS

WHO WE ARE

GET INVOLVED 4

CONTENT RESTRICTIONS

Court upholds conviction of cable team charged with obscenity

Court upholds conviction of cable team charged with obscenity11/06/95 TEXAS--The U.S. Court of Appeals in Austin (3rd Cir.) in late...

November 6, 1995

Court upholds conviction of cable team charged with obscenity

11/06/95

TEXAS—The U.S. Court of Appeals in Austin (3rd Cir.) in late October rejected arguments by a cable television public-access show producer and host that obscenity convictions related to their show should be overturned because of the program's educational value.

A lower court found that a program that aired a video promoting safe sex between homosexuals was offensive and obscene.

The program's producer, Terrel Denise Johnson, and host, Gareth Rees, were sentenced to a year of probation and 200 hours of community service in April 1994, after they aired a short film clip titled "Midnight Snack" during the second hour of their call-in cable show, "Infosex." The film featured two men using condoms while engaged in graphic sexual acts.





OBSCENITIES LAW

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE (FCC):

Obscene content does <u>not</u> have protection under the First Amendment.

For content to be ruled obscene, it must meet a three-pronged test:

- a. **Prurient Interest** The average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that the work appeals to a shameful or morbid interest in sex.
- **b.** Patently Offensive The work depicts or describes sexual conduct in an obviously offensive way, as defined by state law.
- c. Lacks Serious Value The work, taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value.

HOWEVER,

Indecent content is allowed at certain times and "portrays sexual or excretory organs or activities in a way that does not meet the three-prong test for obscenity."





We restrict cablecasting time for indecent content to avoid exposure to children:

- Profanity, adult situations and/or sexually suggestive – airs anytime (with warning label)
- Extreme gore, sexually explicit and/or nudity –
 airs after midnight (until 5am)



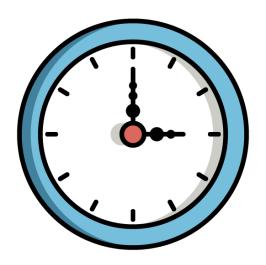












5-MINUTE BREAK



Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any material that is defamatory or unlawfully disparaging"





Defamation is defined a something that....

- 1. Was printed or written (Libel) or spoken or verbal (slander)
- 2. Was a false statement of fact about a person or entity
- 3. Caused harm or damage to that person or entity
- 4. Was done out of:
 - NEGLIGENCE careless, sloppy or lack of research = bad
 - MALICE conscious and intentional wrongdoing = worse







OTHER NOTES:

- One 3rd party hearing or reading the statement is enough to be sued
- Public figures and officials typically must prove "malice"
- Satire is protected under the First Amendment if a reasonable person recognizes it as satire, not fact
 - Satire uses exaggeration, irony, humor, and allegory for political and social commentary







Avoid false, malicious, or reckless statements, baseless accusations, unverified claims, or misrepresenting the truth.

Examples:

- A documentary wrongly identifies a business owner as being involved in organized crime, using misleading editing. As a result, the business loses clients.
- On a reality TV show, a contestant falsely states that another contestant is a sex offender. The allegation is broadcast nationally and damages the person's reputation.
- A podcast host publicly shames a filmmaker, falsely claiming they plagiarized their last script. The accusation spreads in the film community and harms future opportunities.



PLEASE NOTE: In the U.S., defamation alone doesn't typically result in jail, but related criminal actions such as false police reports, harassment, or incitement could lead to criminal charges and imprisonment.







EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ When in doubt, cut it out
- ✓ Stick to the truth
- ✓ Clearly differentiate between opinion and fact
- ✓ Document your research and cite sources
- ✓ Place liability language in your talent releases
- ✓ Use disclaimers (for educational or entertainment purposes, Satire, etc.)







The Pat McAfee Show Live







≡ MENU Q Hollijwood

READ NEXT: Jake Johnson Asked Friends to Be Brutally Honest About Directorial Debut 'Self Reliance'

Netflix Wins Defamation Suit Over 'Making a Murderer'

The judge concluded that the suit didn't raise statements that could "even potentially be defamatory."

BY WINSTON CHO [MARCH 15, 2023 3:08PM



Netflix's 'Making a Murderer' NETFLIX







Netflix won't have to face a defamation suit brought by a retired police officer who said the docuseries Making a Murderer defamed him by accusing him of planting evidence.

In a ruling granting summary judgment in favor of Netflix on Friday, Judge Brett Ludwig found that the First Amendment "does not guarantee a public figure" like plaintiff Andrew Colborn the "role of protagonist in popular discourse" and "protects the media's ability to cast him in a much less flattering light."

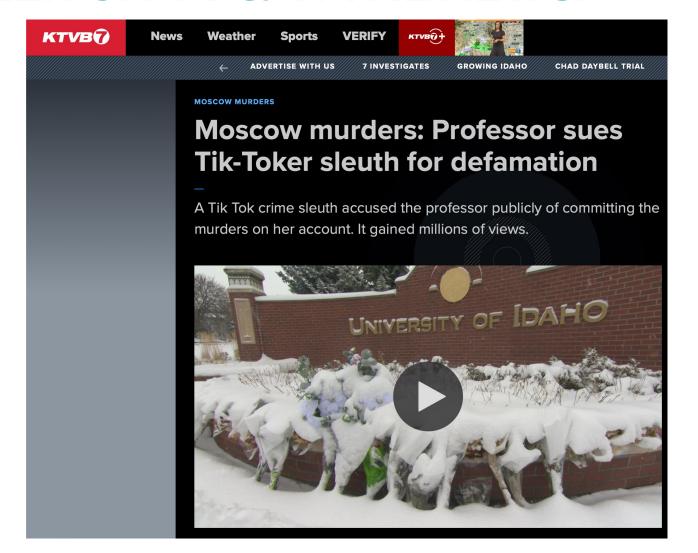






















Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any material that constitutes invasion or violation of any person's right of privacy"



PRIVACY LAWS

NO EXPECTATION OF PRIVACY



OPEN TO PUBLIC PUBLIC PROPERTY

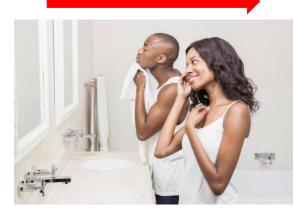


OPEN TO PUBLIC PRIVATE PROPERTY

EXPECTATION OF PRIVACY



PRIVATE EVENT
PRIVATE PROPERTY



PERSONAL ACTIVITY PRIVATE PROPERTY



QUESTIONS TO ASK YOURSELF

- **1. PEOPLE:** What's the situation?... do I need permission?... What rights do I need from them?
- 2. PLACES: Where am I?... Do I need permission from the location?... Do I need permits?



YOU NEED PERMISSION TO:

- 1. Use a person's name or likeness for business or economic purposes:
 - Without permission you cannot benefit commercially from someone else's identity
- 2. Put out in public something that places a person in a false light:
 - Without permission you must use your content within the context in which it was created
- 3. Publicly disclose embarrassing and/or private facts:
 - Without permission you cannot share Info that is not ordinarily publicly available and/or someone would consider private
- 4. Intrude on a person's solitude:
 - Without permission you cannot record in an area where reasonable people would expect to be private or engaged in intimate activity
 TOPIC 4

TYPES OF PERMISSION:



IN PUBLIC / BACKGROUND / PASSING THROUGH

- Implied consent
- Posted signage
 - "By entering the area, you consent to being filmed"
 - Include contact information and intended use of the footage



CASUAL INTERACTIONS

- Verbal consent
 - Ask for permission on camera so there's a record of consent
 - Have them spell out their name
 - Include intended use of the footage



FEATURED INDIVIDUALS

- Written release or agreement
 - Title & purpose, grant of rights, usage & timeframe, liability & waiver
 - Signee contact info and signature, production contact info
 - Compensation?, confidentiality?, copyright permission?



OTHER NOTES:

- You can record anything visible to the naked eye from a public space when there's no reasonable expectation of privacy
- Make sure to get legal guardian permission when recording minors
- Make sure to get location permission from the correct person
- Our rights to privacy are for our entire body (not just our face)
- Newsworthiness is a defense







Avoid filming people without permission (when needed) and exposing sensitive personal information.

Examples:

- Using a video of a person drinking a soda in a documentary about alcoholism
- Placing a hidden camera in your vacation rental
- A documentary about tax evasion reveals a private citizen's home address and financial records without consent
- Recording another gym's public activities for b-roll to promote your new gym



PLEASE NOTE: In the U.S., invasion of privacy is usually a civil matter, but certain actions like illegal surveillance, unauthorized recording, stalking, revenge porn, or identity theft can lead to criminal charges and jail time.





EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ When in doubt, cut it out
- ✓ Get permission, when needed
- ✓ Know public vs. private spaces
- ✓ Blur or censor sensitive information
- ✓ Understand state and federal laws for drones, surveillance, recording conversations, etc.





2. Braun v. Flynt (1984)



In 1984, a woman who worked in an amusement park showing off the skills of "Ralph the Diving Pig" found herself, horrifyingly, alongside the pig in a pool on the pages of *Chic* magazine— a Flynt fetish production under the *Hustler* umbrella. She did not consent to being used in a sex magazine, nor was there anything sexual in the nature of the Diving Pig spectacle— the owners of the copyright of her photo were told the magazine was a "fashion" one with no lurid overtones. She won the lawsuit, ultimately receiving something approximating \$30,000 in damages.





Meghan Markle wins invasion of privacy case against UK tabloid

Updated: Feb. 11, 2021, 2:29 p.m. | Published: Feb. 11, 2021, 2:29 p.m.



Advertisement

LONDON (AP) — A newspaper invaded the Duchess of Sussex's privacy by publishing a personal letter to her estranged father, a British judge ruled Thursday, in a major victory for the royal in her campaign against what she sees as media intrusion.

The former American actress Meghan Markle, 39, sued publisher Associated Newspapers for invasion of privacy and copyright infringement over five February 2019 articles in the Mail on Sunday and on the MailOnline website that published large portions of a letter she wrote to her father after her 2018 wedding to Prince Harry.





ERIN ANDREWS RECEIVES \$55 MILLION AWARD IN INVASION OF **PRIVACY CASE**

MARCH 11, 2016 BY NATHAN BENJAMIN

The lawsuit arises out of an incident at the Marriott Hotel in Nashville, where Ms. Andrews was secretly filmed while undressing in 2008, during the time she worked for ESPN.

The jury determined 51 percent fault on Michael David Barrett, the man who filmed Ms. Andrews, who also served 2.5 years in federal prison after pleading guilty to interstate stalking. West End Hotel Partners, the hotel

owner, and Windsor Capital Group, the hotel management company, are responsible for the other 49 percent.











Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any unlawful use of copyrighted material or any other proprietary property."



COPYRIGHT PROTECTS

- Original work fixed in a tangible media
 - Photos, videos, articles, illustrations, cartoons, music, lyrics, software, websites, compilations of works
 - You create it, you own it



COPYRIGHT DOES NOT PROTECT

- Ideas
- Facts, unoriginal compilations of facts
- Titles of books, songs, movies, etc.
- U.S. Government works

Examples: NASA images, CDC guides and posters, press releases, speeches, congressional reports, etc.

Public domain works



LEGAL USES OF COPYRIGHT

Permission

- From the copyright holder
- Get it in writing (see emailed template)

License

- Purchased for a fee from the copyright holder/entity or website
 - Royalty Free, Limited Use, Extended Use, etc.
 - License Agreements with copyright owner





OTHER NOTES

- Noncommercial use doesn't exempt you from copyright laws
- You own your work without registration but must register it to sue for infringement
- Al-generated content is only copyrightable if it includes significant human input
- Intellectual property agreements are essential for independent projects



Avoid using copyrighted material without written permission or a license (if not claiming fair use)

Examples:

- A podcast inserts long clips from an audiobook without permission, instead of using short, fairuse excerpts for critique or commentary.
- A documentary includes a full scene from a Hollywood movie without permission or a license, and its fair use argument lost in court after a lawsuit.
- A web series creator uses footage from ESPN and uploads it into their own sports recap show without authorization.
- A local TV station airs a popular song during a commercial break without paying for the broadcast license.



PLEASE NOTE: In the U.S., Copyright law is typically a civil matter because it primarily deals with disputes over ownership and financial harm, but it can become criminal if the infringement is willful, large-scale, or involves piracy for profit.





EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

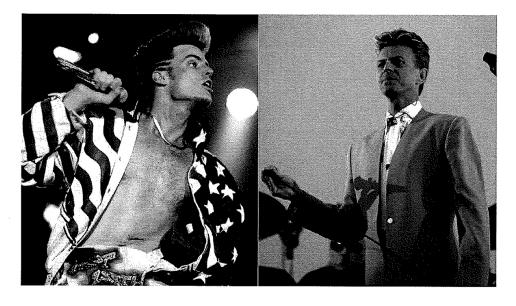
- ✓ Get written permission or license
- ✓ Register your work
- ✓ Read through the Terms of Use for purchased assets
- ✓ Credit the original creator
- ✓ Require Intellectual property agreements on your projects





COPYRIGHT LAWS

AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:



Vanilla Ice vs. Queen and David Bowie (1990)

"Ice Ice Baby," by Vanilla Ice (1989) vs. "Under Pressure," by Queen, David Bowie (1981)

The Case: To anyone with functional eardrums, it's clear that Vanilla Ice's pop-rap crossover hit sampled the bass line to the 1981 Queen/Bowie collaboration "Under Pressure." But Ice famously insisted that the two melodies are distinct because he added a beat between notes. Ice later claimed that this rationale was merely a joke. Representatives for Queen and Bowie weren't laughing and threatened a copyright infringement suit.

The Verdict: The case was settled out of court, costing Ice an undisclosed sum and earning him a not-insignificant amount of public scorn. Bowie and members of Queen all received songwriting credits on the track.







AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:

Netflix Settles Copyright Lawsuit Over 'Unofficial Bridgerton Musical'

By Gene Maddaus ~



























FAIR USE

The doctrine that brief excerpts of copyright material may, under certain circumstances, be used without the need for permission from or payment (license) to the copyright holder.

Criticism

Teaching

Comment

Scholarship

News reporting

Research

NOTE: In the United States, parody is protected by the First Amendment as a form of expression under Fair Use.



FAIR USE

There are **four factors** that must be considered in deciding whether a use constitutes a fair use. A copyright infringement case, like Defamation and Privacy cases, would be seen by a Judge.

- 1. The purpose and character of your use, including whether such use is of a commercial nature or is for non-profit educational purposes.
- 2. The nature of the copyrighted work; is it more factual or fictional?
- 3. The amount and substantiality of the portion used in relation to the copyrighted work as a whole (there is no legal limit on the amount).
- 4. The **effect** of the use upon the potential market for or value of the copyrighted work.



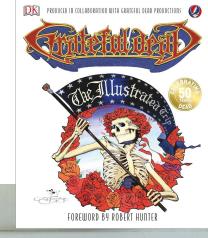
EXAMPLES THAT *COULD* BE PERMISSIBLE:

- ✓ A comedy skit mimicking a famous movie scene to poke fun at its clichés
- ✓ A news show using a short clip from a political speech or viral video while reporting on its impact
- ✓ A YouTube movie critic includes short clips from a film to analyze its cinematography, plot, or acting
- ✓ A documentary on 9/11 includes short clips from news broadcasts to provide historical context
- ✓ A filmmaker uses a few seconds of a famous speech in a project about civil rights history.
- ✓ Using famous cartoon clips to demonstrate different types of animation.





AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:





Bill Graham Archives v. Dorling Kindersley Ltd.

Citation. Bill Graham Archives v. Dorling Kindersley Ltd., 448 F.3d 605, 78 U.S.P.Q.2D (BNA) 1764, Copy. L. Rep. (CCH) P29,179, 34 Media L. Rep. 1782 (2d Cir. N.Y. May 9, 2006)

Law Students: Don't know your Studybuddy Pro login? Register here

Brief Fact Summary.

Bill Graham Archives, LLC (Plaintiff) owned the copyright in images on Grateful Dead event posters and tickets, and contended that Dorling Kindersley Ltd. (Defendant) infringed its copyright by publishing seven of the images in reduced size in a book on the history of the Grateful Dead.

Synopsis of Rule of Law.

Under the copyright law, a book publisher's appropriation of copyrighted poster and ticket images in a biographical book in reduced-size format is a protected "fair use,†where the balance of the statutory fair use factors favors the publisher.





AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:

2. The Associated Press vs. Fairey



Photograph: Mannie Garcia – 2006 (via <u>The New York Times</u>); Poster: Shephard Fairey – 2008 (via Wikipedia)

Case

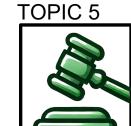
Famous street artist Shephard Fairey created the Hope poster during President Obama's first run for presidential election in 2008. The design rapidly became a symbol for Obama's campaign, technically independent of the campaign but with its approval.

In January 2009, the photograph on which Fairey allegedly based the design was revealed by the Associated Press as one shot by AP freelancer Mannie Garcia — with the AP demanding compensation for its use in Fairey's work. Fairey responded with the defense of fair use, claiming his work didn't reduce the value of the original photograph.

Outcome

The artist and the AP press came to a private settlement in January 2011, part of which included a split in the profits for the work.











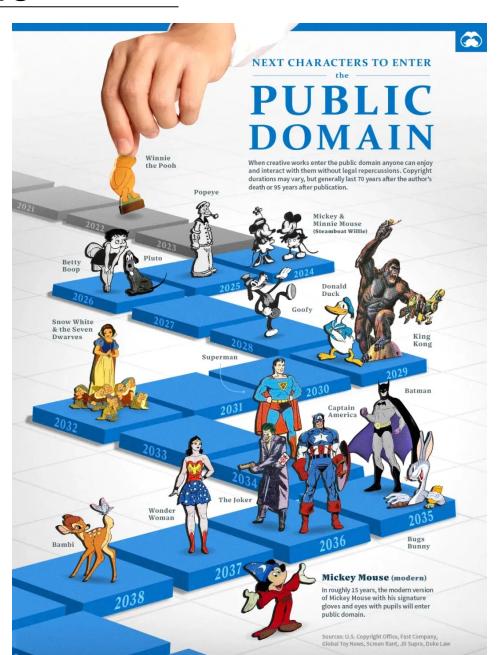
PUBLIC DOMAIN

Consists of all the creative work to which no exclusive intellectual property rights apply. Those rights may have expired, been forfeited, expressly waived, or may be inapplicable.

- For works made for hire and anonymous works, the duration of copyright is...
 - 95 years from first publication or...
 - 120 years from creation, whichever is shorter
- For non-corporate work (published or unpublished) the duration of copyright is...
 - Author's life plus 70 years
- Other creative work may be public domain if copyright was not renewed
- you can make a public domain proclamation publicly for your own content



COPYRIGHT LAWS

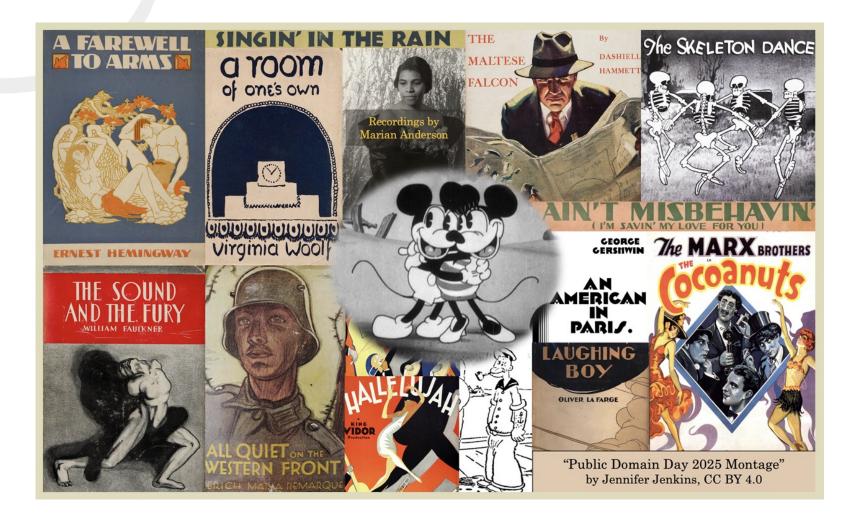








From 1929





Duke Law School
Center for the Study of Public Domain



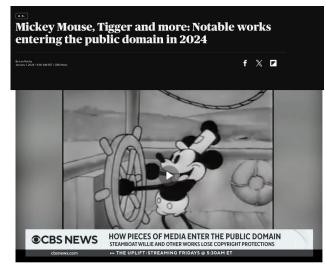
COPYRIGHT LAWS

2023

Winnie-The-Pooh will be just one of many new works entering the Public Domain starting January 1st, 2022



2024





2025



First look at "raunchy and gory" Popeye horror movie

NOVEMBER 18, 2024 BY GARY COLLINSON



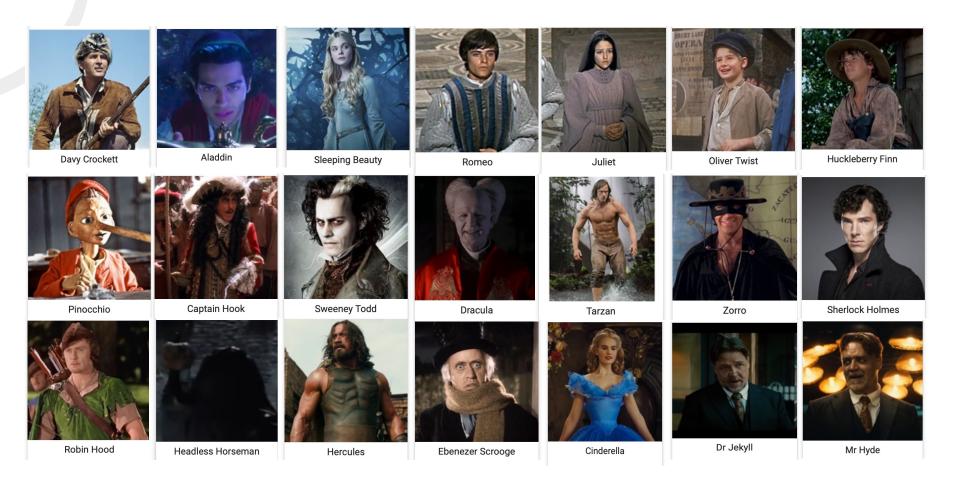
TOPIC 5





Winnie the Pooh enters public domain — and goes

EXAMPLES OF PUBLIC DOMAIN CHARACTERS



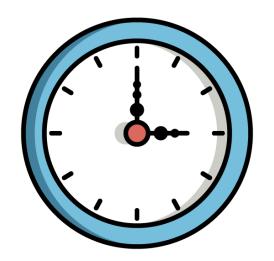












5-MINUTE BREAK



Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any solicitation or appeal for funds."

Exception for 501(c)3 Non-profit Corporations





Content submitted to Austin Public cannot contain...

"Any advertising or material that promotes any commercial product or service."





NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

BUT WHY?

- The FCC prohibits the use of Public, Education and Government (PEG) channels for commercial advertising to ensure these channels serve public interests rather than corporate profits.
- Stations that violate this policy risk losing their access to funding and facilities. These funds pay for all Producer equipment and facility upgrades.





SHOWING PRODUCTS AND BRANDS IS OK

- They should only be included or referenced in a manner that is reasonably related to their necessary use within the content.
- Producers must avoid promotional product placement in Austin Public-submitted content.
- Be careful not to tarnish a brand or you open yourself up to a lawsuit





NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

Avoid soliciting funds, showing advertisements and overly promoting products or services.

Examples:

- A call to action like: "Come buy our product today for \$9.99!"
- A self-help coach runs a show that mainly markets their paid seminars
- A cooking show affiliated with HEB where the host sells HEB T-Shirts to raise money for the show.
- A fitness instructor produces a workout program that spends a large portion of the show selling their private training services





AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:

BEGINNERS - ADVANCED \$65/HOUR

\$45/FORTY-FIVE MINUTES \$35/THIRTY-FIVE MINUTES

GUITAR LESSONS

@gmail.com



TOPIC 6/7



NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

EXAMPLES ON HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF:

- ✓ When in doubt, cut it out
- ✓ Avoid direct promotion of businesses, products, or services
- ✓ Avoid intentional product placement
- ✓ Educate us, don't sell us





NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

ACCEPTABLE SHOWS ON AUSTIN PUBLIC

Local Business History Segment

A producer makes a documentary on the history of barber shops in East Austin, featuring interviews with current barbers. The focus is cultural and historical, not "come get your hair cut at Joe's Barber Shop."

Community Workshop Coverage

Filming a nonprofit's financial literacy workshop where a local credit union participates. The emphasis is on the tips shared (budgeting, saving, avoiding debt) rather than advertising the credit union's products.

Artist Spotlight

A program showcasing a local painter's creative process while showing how they create murals, talking about their inspirations, and exploring community art. The content is about the art and the cultural impact, not selling prints or booking commissions.

Health & Wellness Talk

A yoga instructor shares breathing techniques and stretches people can do at home. They can mention they run a local studio ("I teach at XYZ Yoga Studio") but can't turn it into "Sign up for my class, here's the price."

Restaurant Culture Feature

A food show that explores Tex-Mex history in Austin, filming inside restaurants to show how dishes are prepared. Producers can identify the restaurant ("we're at Juan in a Million") but not focus on the menu to promote their weekday specials.













CANIHAVE SPONSORS?

- YES! Donations and partnerships with a sponsor are perfectly fine
- Adhere to the non-commercialism policies previously discussed
- Avoid intentional product placement





CAN I RAISE MONEY FOR MY CONTENT?

- YES! Those who contribute financially to support the production of your show are called Program Underwriters
 - All underwriters need to be acknowledged
 - Underwriter credits ("Pods") are used to identify underwriters
 - A credit "pod" is shown at beginning and end of program





NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

UNDERWRITING HANDOUT SENT IN EMAIL

UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

Everything you need to know about Program Underwriting:

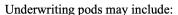
All entities contributing to a program/series on public television must be acknowledged. Those who contribute financially, by providing funds for the production, are called **program** underwriters. The FCC requires that they be identified in relation to the programs funded.

The purpose of underwriter credits is to identify the entities that have provided funding for the production. Identification is limited to name, location, business purpose. Established corporate slogans may be used to identify the funder.

Program/Underwriter Announcements:

- Maximum Credit Pod = 60 seconds
- Maximum individual credit = 15 seconds

Underwriters must be identified at the beginning and the conclusion of a program. The underwriting announcements (a/k/a "the pod") may not be more than 60 seconds in length, made up of individual credits, for each funder, up to 15 seconds long. No single underwriter may receive more than a 15-second credit.





- Your company's name
- Location and contact information, including Web site address
- Up to three or four product lines or services
- Company mascots,
- Identifiable symbols and animated logos
- A recognized spokesperson's voice and instrumental music as background
- Your company's slogan or tagline, as long as it meets FCC guidelines
- Products in or out of their packaging, or consumers or employees instead of products

FCC Guidelines

DON'TS

According to FCC regulation, underwriting pods may **not** include:

- Calls to action ("Come in today and take a test drive")
- Superlative description or qualitative claim about the company, its products, or its services ("The best service in the industry" or "The most intelligent car ever built")
- Direct comparison with other companies, their products or services
- Price or value information ("7.7% interest rate available now" and "affordable," "discount," or "free")
- Inducements to buy, sell, rent, or lease "Six months free service when you buy" or "lifetime guarantee")
- Endorsements ("recommended by 4 out of 5 doctors")
- Demonstrations of consumer satisfaction







NONCOMMERCIAL POLICIES

AS SEEN ON TV & IN THE NEWS:

















TOPICS COVERED

- 1. Material contrary to the law
- 2. Immediate danger or damage
- 3. Obscene material
- 4. Defamation & Invasion of Privacy
- 5. Unlawful Copyright
- 6. Solicitation of funds
- 7. Commercialism

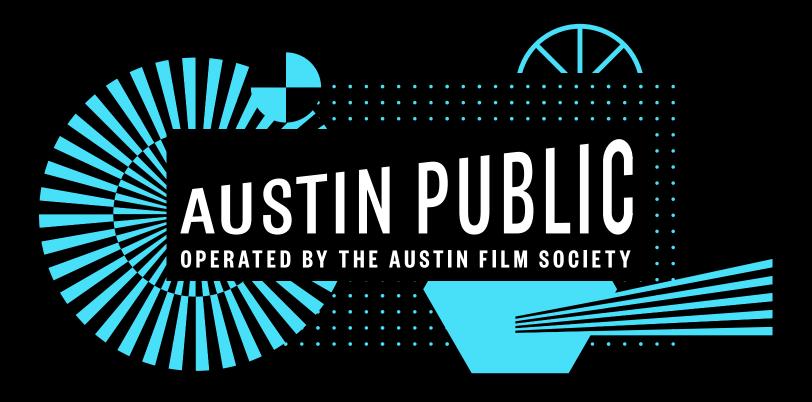




REVIEW CONTRACT

TAKE TEST





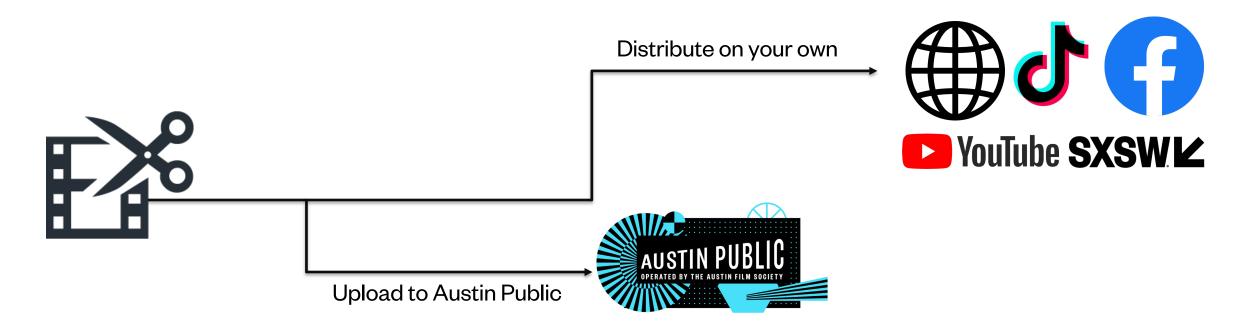
AFS Producer Program





Producer Content Policy:

Producers are responsible for submitting content (in its entirety or a portion) created with Austin Public resources to air on Austin Public's distribution platform before distributed through other platforms. **Producer owns all content created with Austin Public resources**.



- 1. Online Streaming on www.austinfilm.org
- 2. Video On Demand embedded on www.austinfilm.org
- 3. Apple TV, Roku & Amazon Fire TV apps (search "Austin Public")
- 4. iPhone and Android Apps (search "Austin Public")
- 5. Spectrum channel 10, 11 & 16
- 6. Astound (Grande Communications) channel 10, 11 & 16
- 7. AT&T Uverse channel 99 (all Austin PEG channels)

















Independent Shows (No extra Cost)

- Any length
- Will air at programming department's discretion or a Producer can request an airdate.

Series (minimal fee for a Series)

- A show that airs on the same day, time and channel for 4 months.
- Total run time of 28:30, 58:30, 1:28:30 or 1:58:30
- Price ranges from \$10-\$25 for the 4-month Series
- The three Series Seasons:
 - Summer Season June 1 to September 30
 - Fall & Winter Season October 1 to January 31
 - Spring Season February 1 to May 30





File Requirements

- At least a 10-frame fade in and out from black
- 10-seconds, static tag at the end of your show with a name and form of contact
- We air content in 1920x1080 HD @ 29.97 fps

Naming Your File

- For a series of content, use the same naming convention
- Doug's Music Show Episode #1 = DMS001.mov
 - OR you could put detail in the middle = DMSthebandname001.mov

Play Count

- Guaranteed a minimum of 3 airings (will air more than that)
- If not rated "Adult" then it will be posted to VOD based on category given
- Content rotated out every 3+ months
- You can tell us to delete files after 3 airings

CREATE A SHOW	
Show Name: *	Show Name: Episode Name
Series Title:	
Show Description: *	
Show Type: *	Please select 🗸
Production Area: *	○ Local ○ Out of Area
First time on airing A	ustin Public?* First Time Aired Before
Does this contain any None	mature or adult Content? *
Mature Content (proviolence)	ofane or sexually suggestive language and/or
O Adult Content (Sex nudity)	ually explicit language, extreme gore and/or
Does this contain any Texas? *	obscene content as <u>defined by the State of</u>
Yes (if so, it cannot	air on our channels ore streaming services)

Air Date Request			
Air Time Request:	нн:мм ам/рм		
Channel Preference:	Please select	V	
Channel 10 is typically politics, curren is typically entertainment, music, sport	s, film, etc.	Channel 11 is typically inspirational content. Channel	16
Digital File Name (for	Pre-recorded show	ws):	
FILEepisode001.mov			
Show Category (choose Please select	se the best repres	sentation):	
Show Notes for our p	rogrammer:		

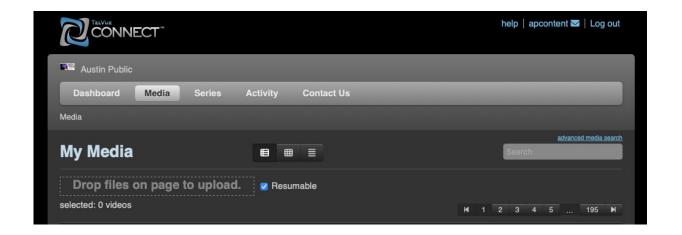
FILE UPLOADING

Step 1. Got to: https://connect.telvue.com/media/all

Step 2: Login: (User: apcontent, Password: APcontent)

Step 3. Drop your file into where it says: "drop files on page to upload"

You can also drop off your file onsite at Austin Public. Please remember that we air content in Full HD (1920x1080) with a frame rate of 29.97fps. Your file will be converted on upload.



CONTACT US



HOW TO CONTACT:

- EQUIPMENT ROOM: <u>(512)</u> 322-0145, EXT 3241
- ADMIN/COORDINATOR: (512) 322-0145, EXT 3235
- <u>charles@austinfilm.org</u> (Content Programmer)
- <u>equipment@austinfilm.org</u> (Reservations)
 - josh@austinfilm.org
- <u>austinpublic@austinfilm.org</u> (Program Questions)